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10EE35

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016

Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART – A

- 1 a. Check the following equation dimensionally. If not correct, find the error.

$$I = \frac{V\omega M}{\sqrt{(\omega^2 m^2 + R_2)^2 + \omega^2 L_1 L_2 R_1^2}}$$
 Where 'M' is mutual inductance. (10 Marks)
 - b. Mention the factors on which earth resistance depends. (03 Marks)
 - c. Explain the fall of potential method used for the measurement of earth resistance. (07 Marks)

- 2 a. With a neat circuit diagram derive the balancing equation for Maxwell Inductance – Capacitance Bridge. (05 Marks)
 - b. Mention the special features of High Voltage Schering Bridge. (05 Marks)
 - c. A capacitor bushing forms arm AB of Schering Bridge and a standard capacitor of 500pF capacitance and negligible loss forms arm AD. Arm BC consists of non-inductive resistance of 300Ω. When the bridge is balanced Arm CD has a resistance of 72.6Ω, in parallel with a capacitance of 0.148μF. The supply frequency is 50Hz. Calculate the capacitance and dielectric loss angle of capacitor. (05 Marks)
 - d. An a.c bridge is balanced at 2KHz with the following components in each arm,

Arm AB = 10KΩ
 Arm BC = 100μF in series with 100KΩ
 Arm AD = 50KΩ

 Find the unknown parameters in the Arm DC if the detector is between BD. (05 Marks)

- 3 a. What are shunts and multipliers? Derive an expression for both with reference to the meters with which they are used in electrical circuits. (10 Marks)
 - b. Draw the equivalent circuit and vector diagram of a current transformer and hence write the expression for its ratio error and phase angle error. (08 Marks)
 - c. Define transformation ratio and nominal ratio of instrument transformers. (02 Marks)

- 4 a. What is creeping? Discuss the error and adjustments in single phase energymeter. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the construction, working principle, advantages and disadvantages of Dynamometer type wattmeter with a neat circuit diagram. (10 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. With a neat sketch explain the construction and working of Weston frequency meter. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain with a block diagram the true RMS voltmeter. (05 Marks)
 - c. Mention the advantages of electronic instruments over conventional meters. (05 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. With a neat block diagram, explain the working of a digital storage oscilloscope. (10 Marks)
b. Explain with help of a block diagram, dual trace oscilloscope. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Prove that gauge factor of strain gauge is given by $K = 1 + 2\mu$, where ' μ ' is the Poisson's ratio. (08 Marks)
b. Explain the classification of transducers with the help of examples. (06 Marks)
c. What are the selection criteria for the transducer? (06 Marks)
- 8 a. With a neat block diagram explain the basic elements of a digital acquisition system. (06 Marks)
b. Write a note on LED and LCD display. (06 Marks)
c. With a neat diagram, explain the operation of x-y recorder. (08 Marks)

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